2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

AMARILLO COLLEGE

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

	exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing	\$1,177,780
10.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster	
9.	2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after January 1, 2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	\$0
8.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add line 3 and line 7.	\$1,803,031,490
7.	2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add line 5 and line 6.	\$0
	C. 2020 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$0
0.	2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.A. 2020 ARB certified value:\$0B. 2020 dispuated value:- \$0	
6		\$0
	A. Original 2020 ARB values:\$0B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions:- \$0C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	
5.	2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value.	
4.	2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.046910/\$100
3.	Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract line 2 from line 1.	\$1,803,031,490
2.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, Cities and Junior College Districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other units enter "0" If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$0
1.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17). ¹	\$1,803,031,490

19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. ¹³	
	E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$1,905,800,96
	the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in line 23 below. ¹² - \$0	
	captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into	
	system property: - \$0 D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021	
	exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage	
	certified by the Comptroller's office:+ \$0C. Pollution control and energy storage system	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values	
18.	Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 20).These homesteads includes homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.11 A. Certified values:\$1,905,800,967	
17.	Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add lines 14 and 15, subtract line 16. ¹⁰	\$845,55
	taxing unit. If the unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter "0". ⁹	\$
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the	
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code § 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code § 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020. ⁸	\$30
14.	Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply line 4 by line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$845,24
13.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract line 12 from line 8.	\$1,801,853,71
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$1,177,78
	A. 2020 market value:\$0B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value:- \$0C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.7	\$
11.	2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only those properties that first qualified in 2021; do not use properties that qualified in 2020.	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁶	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value: + \$688,500	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value: \$489,280	

20 ter 23. Tc lo ro afi ap mi ab 24. Tc 25. Ac	erritory annexed. ¹⁸ otal 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property ocated in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal oll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or ffixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the ppraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement nust have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2020 and be located n a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax batement agreement has expired for 2021. ¹⁹ otal adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add lines 22 and 23. djusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract line 24 from line 21. 021 NNR tax rate. Divide line 17 by line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰	\$ \$38,819,13 \$38,819,13 \$1,866,981,83 \$0.045289/\$10
20 ten 23. Tc lo ro afi ap mi in ab 24. Tc	otal 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property ocated in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal oll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or ffixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the ppraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement bust have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2020 and be located a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax batement agreement has expired for 2021. ¹⁹ otal adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add lines 22 and 23.	\$38,819,13 \$38,819,13
20 ter 23. Tc Io ro afi ap mi in ab	otal 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property ocated in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal oll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or ffixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the ppraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement bust have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2020 and be located a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax batement agreement has expired for 2021. ¹⁹	\$38,819,13
20	erritory annexed. ¹⁸	\$
	otal 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after January 1, 020. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in	
21. 20	021 total taxable value. Add lines 18E and 19C. Subtract line 20. ¹⁷	\$1,905,800,96
va ho ta:	021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable alue of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of omeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter "0". If your axing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for omeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	\$
C	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	
В	the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. ¹⁴ 3. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll . The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included at appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. ¹⁵ + \$0	

17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

- 18 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)
- 19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)
- 20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)
- 21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet AMARILLO COLLEGE

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. **Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate:** The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

28.	2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$0.046910/\$10
29.	2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in line 8 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$1,803,031,49
30.	Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply line 28 by line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$845,80
31.	Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O taxes.	
	A. 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property	
	taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts,	
	enter the amount of additional sales tax collected	
	and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if any. Other	
	taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any	
	amount that was spent for economic development	
	grants from the amount of sales tax spent. \$0	
	B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax	
	year 2020: Enter the amount of M&O taxes	
	refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that	
	year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax	
	Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax	
	Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include	
	refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to	
	tax years preceding tax year 2020. + \$304	
	C. 2020 taxes in TIF.: Enter the amount of taxes paid	
	into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone	
	as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has	
	no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D,	
	enter 0 \$0	
	D. 2020 transferred function.: If discontinuing all of a	
	department, function or activity and transferring it to	
	another taxing unit by written contract, enter the	
	amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the	
	function in the 12 months preceding the month of	
	this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate	
	this function for this 12-month period, use the +/- \$0	\$846,10

	amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0.		
	 E. 2020 M&O levy adjustments.: Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. F. Add line 30 to line 31E. 	\$304	
32.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate</i>	e Worksheet.	\$1,866,981,83
33.	2021 NNR M&O rate. (unadjusted) Divide line 31 by line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$0.045319/\$100
34.	 Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate.²³ A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2020 criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. 	\$0	
	 the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0. 	\$0 \$0/\$100	\$0/\$10
35.	 Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. A. 2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care expenditures. B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any 	\$0	
	state assistance received for the same purpose.C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0 \$0/\$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$0/\$10
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compension	sation. ²⁵	
	A. 2021 indigent defense compensation	\$0	\$0/\$10

	 expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0. 	\$0 \$0/\$100 \$0/\$100	
37	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶	6	
	 A. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. A. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021 B. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. E. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0. 	\$0 \$0 \$0/\$100 \$0/\$100	\$0/\$100
38.	Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E.		\$0.045319/\$100
39.	 2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply line 38 by 1.08. Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.035 Taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared as disaster area, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the taxing unit taxable value of the tax year in which the taxing taxable value of the tax year in which the taxing taxable value of the tax year in which the taxing taxable value of the tax year in which the tax year in which the tax year in which the taxing taxable value of the tax year in which tax year in which tax year in w	ed by the appropriate	
	disaster occurred, and 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred. If the taxing		\$0.048944/\$100
1			çc.c10011/0100

	1.08. 27	
40.	Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses. A: Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount. \$0 B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. -\$0 C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none). -\$0 D: Subtract amount paid from other resources. -\$0 E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$(
41.	Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁸	
42		\$C \$C
	Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract line 41 from line 40E.	ቅር
43.		
	2021 anticipated collection rate.A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector.29100.00000%B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.100.00000%C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate.100.00000%D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate.100.00000%E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the 	100.000000%
44.	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector.29100.00000%B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.100.00000%C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate.100.00000%D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate.100.00000%E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rate in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than	
	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. ²⁹ 100.00000% B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. 100.00000% C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 100.00000% D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 100.00000% E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ³⁰	\$C
45.	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. ²⁹ 100.00000% B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. 100.00000% C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 100.00000% D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 100.00000% E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ³⁰ 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 42 by line 43E. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on line 21 of the <i>No-New</i> -	\$0 \$1,905,800,967
45. 46.	A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. ²⁹ 100.00000% B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. 100.00000% C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 100.00000% D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 100.00000% E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ³⁰ 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 42 by line 43E. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	100.000000% \$0 \$1,905,800,967 \$0/\$100 \$0.048944/\$100

28 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 16.04(b) 29 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) 30 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h),(h-1) and (h-2)

Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: line 26, line 27 (counties), or line 54 (adjusted for sales tax).	\$0.045289/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from: line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (adjusted for sales tax), line 60 (adjusted for pollution control), or line 65 (adjusted for unused increment).	\$0.048944/\$100
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from line 70.	/\$100

De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from line 70.

Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. ⁴⁴

Print Here

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Sign Here

Taxing Unit Representative

Date

44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)